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U.S. Application No. Unknown
International Application No. PCT/GB98/03810

Attorney Docket No. 09/582002
WIPO PCT/PTO 19 JUN 2000

JUN 19 2000 Date: June 19, 2000

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**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 USC 371**

International Application No.: PCT/GB98/03810
International Filing Date: December 17, 1998
Priority Date Claimed: December 19, 1997
Title of Invention: **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SIGNAL DETECTION BY BASE
STATION IN A MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**
Applicant(s) for DO/EO/US: Advanced Communications Consultancy Ltd.

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. (X) This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 USC 371.
2. (X) This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 USC 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 USC 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
3. (X) A copy of the International Application as filed (35 USC 371(c)(2))
 - a) (X) is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
4. (X) A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report with any annexes thereto, such as any amendments made under PCT Article 34.
5. (X) A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
6. (X) A return prepaid postcard.

BASIC FEE			\$840	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total Claims	32 - 20 =	12 ×	\$18	\$216
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =	0 ×	\$78	\$0
Multiple dependent claims(s) (if applicable)			\$260	\$0
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS			\$1,056	
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity (if applicable). Verified Small Entity statement must also be filed. (NOTE 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28)				\$0
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE			\$1,056	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED			\$840	

09/582002

U.S. Application No. Unknown
International Application No. PCT/GB98/03810

Attorney Docket No. WIREFAC.021APC

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7. (X) The fee for later submission of the signed oath or declaration set forth in 37 CFR 1.492(e) will be paid upon submission of the declaration.
8. (X) A check in the amount of \$840 to cover the above fees is enclosed.
9. (X) The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge only those additional fees which may be required, now or in the future, to avoid abandonment of the application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 11-1410. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP
620 Newport Center Drive
Sixteenth Floor
Newport Beach, CA 92660

Signature

John M. Carson

Printed Name

34,303

Registration Number

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061900

WIREFAC.022A

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant	:	Advanced Communications Consultancy Ltd.)	Group Art Unit Unknown
)	
Appl. No.	:	Unknown)	I hereby certify that this correspondence and all marked attachments are being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first-class mail in an envelope addressed to: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231, on
Filed	:	Herewith)	
)	
For	:	APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SIGNAL DETECTION BY BASE STATION IN A MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM)	June 19, 2000 (Date)
)	
)	John M. Carson, Reg. No. 34,303
)	
Examiner	:	Unknown)	

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-captioned application, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

At page 1, line 1, please add:

--Related Applications

This application claims priority, under 35 USC. § 371 as a National Phase Application, to PCT application Serial No. PCT/GB98/03810, with an international filing date of December 17, 1998, which claims priority to United Kingdom patent application Serial No. GB 9726912.0, filed December 19, 1997.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 1-24.

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

Please add new claims 25-44 as follows:

25. A method of detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network comprising at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station, wherein the method comprises:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station;
detecting information data in the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
processing the detected information data; and
signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal; and
preparing for handoff of the mobile terminal to the second base station in order to improve detection of the transmitted information data from the mobile terminal.

26. The method of Claim 25, further comprising:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signal at the second base station.

27. The method of Claim 25, further comprising:

transferring the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station;

processing the detected information data at the second base station; and

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

28. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

29. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

30. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station comprises:

detecting a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
calculating the received time delay.

31. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station comprises detecting a received power of the signal from the mobile terminal signal at the second base station.

32. The method of Claim 25, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system.

33. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station includes a correlation operation using the processed detected information data to enable integration over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

34. The method of Claim 25, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

35. A system for detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network, wherein the system comprises

at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal;

at least one second base station;

a first receiver at the first base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a second receiver at the second base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a processor configured to process the information data detected at the first base station;

a signal processor configured to signal process the received signals from the mobile terminal by the second base station by using the processed information data, to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal; and

a preparation scheme configured to prepare handoff of the mobile terminal to the second base station to improve detection of the transmitted information data from the mobile terminal.

36. The system of Claim 35, wherein:

the signals from the mobile terminal received at the first receiver are of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

the signals from the mobile terminal at the second receiver are not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signal at the second base station.

37. The system of Claim 35, further comprising a communications link connecting the first base station and the second base station and configured to transfer the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station.

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Filed : Herewith

38. The system of Claim 35, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

39. The system of Claim 35, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

40. The system of Claim 35, wherein the signal processor is configured to:
detect the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance
between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
calculate the received time delay.

41. The system of Claim 35, wherein the signal processor is configured to detect a received power of the signal from the mobile terminal signal at the second base station.

42. The system of Claim 35, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system

43. The system of Claim 35, wherein the second receiver comprises a correlator receiver configured to use the processed detected information data to integrate the received signals from the mobile terminal over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

44. The system of Claim 35, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

REMARKS

Applicant cancels Claims 1-24 and adds Claims 25-44. Claims 25-44 are thus presented for examination. The foregoing amendments are made in order to correct grammatical and clerical mistakes or ambiguities, to improve the clarity of claim language, and to otherwise improve the

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

capacity of the claims to particularly and distinctly point out the invention to those of skill in the art. No new matter is added. Entry of the amendments is respectfully requested.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 25-44 of the above-identified application are in condition for allowance. However, if the Examiner finds any impediment to allowing all claims that can be resolved by telephone, the Examiner is respectfully requested to call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: 6/19/00

By: _____

John M. Carson
Registration 34,303
Attorney of Record
620 Newport Center Drive
Sixteenth Floor
Newport Beach, CA 92660
(619) 235-8550

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061600

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Advanced Communications
Consultancy Ltd.

Appl. No. : Unknown

Filed : Herewith

For : APPARATUS AND METHOD
FOR SIGNAL DETECTION
BY BASE STATION IN A
MOBILE COMMUNICATION
SYSTEM

Examiner : Unknown

) Group Art Unit Unknown

)

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) an envelope addressed to: Assistant
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) 20231, on

June 19, 2000

(Date)

John M. Carson, Reg. No. 34,303

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-captioned application, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

At page 1, line 1, please add:

--Related Applications

This application claims priority, under 35 USC. § 371 as a National Phase Application, to PCT application Serial No. PCT/GB98/03810, with an international filing date of December 17, 1998, which claims priority to United Kingdom patent application Serial No. GB 9726912.0, filed December 19, 1997.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 1-24.

Please add new claims 25-56 as follows:

25. A method of detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network comprising at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station and at least one third base station, wherein the method comprises:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station;

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the third base station;

detecting information data in the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;

processing the detected information data; and

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal;

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the third base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal; and

calculating a location of the mobile terminal based on triangulation of a calculated distance from each of the first base station, the second base station, and the third base station to the mobile terminal.

26. The method of Claim 25, wherein calculating the location of the mobile terminal is based on a plurality of parameters selected from the group consisting of:

a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distances between the mobile terminal and the first base station, between the mobile terminal and the second base station, and between the mobile terminal and the third base station;

a direction to the mobile terminal from the first base station, the second base station, or the third base station; and

a combination of the received time delay and the direction of the mobile terminal.

27. The method of Claim 25, wherein:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station and the third base station not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signal at the second base station and the third base station.

28. The method of Claim 25, further comprising:

transferring the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station and the third base station;

processing the detected information data at the second base station;

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal;

processing the detected information data at the third base station; and

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the third base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

29. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

30. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

31. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station comprises:

detecting a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and

calculating the received time delay.

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Filed : Herewith

32. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the third base station comprises:

detecting a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the third base station; and
calculating the received time delay.

33. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal comprises detecting a received power of the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station.

34. The method of Claim 33, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station.

35. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal comprises detecting a received power of the signals from the mobile terminal signal at the third base station.

36. The method of Claim 35, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station.

37. The method of Claim 25, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system.

38. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station includes a correlation operation using the processed detected information data to enable integration over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

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Filed : Herewith

39. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the third base station includes a correlation operation using the processed detected information data to enable integration over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

40. The method of Claim 25, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

41. A system for detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network, the system comprising:

at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal;

at least one second base station;

at least one third base station;

a first receiver at the first base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a second receiver at the second base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a third receiver at the third base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a processor configured to process the information data detected at the first base station;

a signal processor at the second base station configured to signal process the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second receiver by using the detected processed information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal; and

a signal processor at the third base station configured to signal process the received signals from the mobile terminal at the third receiver by using the detected processed information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal; and

a calculating processor configured to calculate a location of the mobile terminal based on triangulation of calculated distances between the mobile terminal and the first

· Appl. No. : Unknown
· Filed : Herewith

base station, between the mobile terminal and the second base station, and between the mobile terminal and the third base station.

42. The system of Claim 41, wherein the calculating processor is further configured to calculate the location of the mobile terminal based on a plurality of parameters selected from the group consisting of:

a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance between the mobile terminal and the first base station, between the mobile terminal and the second base station, and between the mobile terminal and the third base station;

a direction to the mobile terminal from the first base station, the second base station, or the third base station;

a combination of the received time delay and the direction to the mobile terminal.

43. The system of Claim 41, wherein:

the signals from the mobile terminal received at the first receiver are of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

the signals from the mobile terminal received at the second receiver and the third receiver are not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the second base station and the third base station.

44. The system of Claim 41, further comprising a communications link connecting the first base station and the second base station and third base station and configured to transfer the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station and the third base station.

45. The system of Claim 41, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

46. The system of Claim 41, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

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Filed : Herewith

47. The system of Claim 41, wherein the signal processor for the second base station is configured to:

detect the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
calculate the received time delay.

48. The system of Claim 41, wherein the signal processor for the third base station is configured to:

detect the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the third base station; and
calculate the received time delay.

49. The system of Claim 41, wherein the signal processor for the second base station is configured to detect a received power of the signal from the mobile terminal signal at the second base station.

50. The system of Claim 41, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station to the second base station.

51. The system of Claim 41, wherein the signal processor at the third base station is configured to detect a received power of the received signal from the mobile terminal at the third base station.

52. The system of Claim 41, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station to the third base station.

53. The system of Claim 41, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

54. The system of Claim 41, wherein the second receiver comprises a correlator receiver configured to use the processed detected information data to integrate the received signals from the mobile terminal over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

55. The system of Claim 41, wherein the third receiver comprises a correlator receiver configured to use the processed detected information data to integrate the received signals from the mobile terminal over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

56. The system of Claim 41, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

REMARKS

Applicant cancels Claims 1-24 and adds Claims 25-56. Claims 25-56 are thus presented for examination. The foregoing amendments are made in order to correct grammatical and clerical mistakes or ambiguities, to improve the clarity of claim language, and to otherwise improve the capacity of the claims to particularly and distinctly point out the invention to those of skill in the art. No new matter is added. Entry of the amendments is respectfully requested.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 25-56 of the above-identified application are in condition for allowance. However, if the Examiner finds any impediment to allowing all claims that can be resolved by telephone, the Examiner is respectfully requested to call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: 6/19/00

By: 

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WIREFAC.020A

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Advanced Communications
Consultancy Ltd.
Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith
For : APPARATUS AND METHOD
FOR SIGNAL DETECTION
BY BASE STATION IN A
MOBILE COMMUNICATION
SYSTEM
Examiner : Unknown

) Group Art Unit Unknown
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) Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C.
) 20231, on
)
) June 19, 2000
) (Date)
)
) John M. Carson, Reg. No. 34,303
)
)

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-captioned application, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

At page 1, line 1, please add:

--Related Applications

This application claims priority, under 35 USC. § 371 as a National Phase Application, to PCT application Serial No. PCT/GB98/03810, with an international filing date of December 17, 1998, which claims priority to United Kingdom patent application Serial No. GB 9726912.0, filed December 19, 1997.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 1-24.

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

Please add new claims 25-63 as follows:

25. A method of detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network comprising a plurality of elements including at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station, wherein the method comprises:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station;
detecting information data in the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
processing the detected information data; and
signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

26. The method of Claim 25, wherein:

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signal at the second base station.

27. The method of Claim 25, further comprising:

transferring the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station;

processing the detected information data at the second base station; and

signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal using the processed detected information data at the

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

second base station to signal process the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

28. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

29. The method of Claim 25, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

30. The method of Claim 25, wherein the using the processed detected information data comprises:

detecting a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
calculating the received time delay.

31. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal comprises detecting a received power of the received signal from the mobile terminal at the second base station.

32. The method of Claim 31, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station.

33. The method of Claim 25, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system

34. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal includes a correlation operation using the processed detected information data to enable integration over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

35. The method of Claim 25, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

36. The method of Claim 25, wherein the processing of the detected information data is performed at any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network.

37. The method of Claim 36, wherein any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network is selected from the group consisting of a base station, a base station controller, and a mobile switching center.

38. The method of Claim 25, wherein the processing of the detected information data is performed partially at a plurality of the elements of the wireless communication network.

39. The method of Claim 38, wherein any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network is selected from the group consisting of a base station, a base station controller, and a mobile switching center.

40. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal is performed at any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network mobile network.

41. The method of Claim 40, wherein any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network is selected from the group consisting of a base station, a base station controller, and a mobile switching center.

42. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal is performed partially at a plurality of the elements of the wireless communication network mobile network.

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

43. The method of Claim 42, wherein any one of the plurality of elements of the wireless communication network is selected from the group consisting of a base station, a base station controller, and a mobile switching center.

44. A system for detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network, the system comprising:

at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal;

at least one second base station;

a first receiver at the first base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a second receiver at the second base station configured to receive signals from the mobile terminal and to detect information data from the mobile terminal;

a processor configured to process the information data detected at the first receiver at the first base station; and

a signal processor configured to signal process the received signals from the mobile terminal by the second base station by using the processed detected information data, to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

45. The system of Claim 44, wherein:

the signals from the mobile terminal received at the first receiver are of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signals at the first base station; and

the signals from the mobile terminal at the second receiver are not of sufficient quality to enable detection of the information data in the received signal at the second base station.

46. The system of Claim 44, further comprising a communications link connecting the first base station and the second base station and configured to transfer the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

47. The system of Claim 44, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

48. The system of Claim 44, wherein the information data transmitted by the mobile terminal comprises a predefined sequence.

49. The system of Claim 44, wherein the signal processor is configured to:
detect the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
calculate the received time delay.

50. The system of Claim 44, wherein the signal processor is configured to detect the received power of the signal from the mobile terminal signal at the second base station.

51. The system of Claim 50, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station.

52. The system of Claim 44, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system.

53. The system of Claim 44, further comprising a correlator receiver configured to use the processed detected information data to integrate the received signals from the mobile terminal over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

54. The system of Claim 44, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

55. A method of detecting signals from a mobile terminal in a wireless communication network comprising at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station, wherein the method comprises:

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station;
detecting information data in the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station;
selecting a portion of the detected information data;
transferring the selected portion of the detected information data from the first base station to the second base station;
scrambling the transferred selected portion of the detected information data to be substantially similar in envelope and phase to the signals transmitted by the mobile terminal corresponding to the selected portion of the detected information data;
signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station by using the scrambled selected portion of the detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal;
detecting a received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance between the mobile terminal and the second base station; and
detecting a received power of the received signal from the mobile terminal at the second base station.

56. The method of Claim 55, wherein the detected received power is used for handoff preparation from the first base station.

57. The method of Claim 55, wherein the wireless communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system.

58. The method of Claim 55, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station includes a correlation operation using the processed detected information data to enable integration over a period substantially longer than one information data symbol period.

Appl. No. : **Unknown**
Filed : **Herewith**

59. The method of Claim 55, wherein the detected information data is used to identify the mobile terminal.

60. The method of Claim 25, wherein the signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the second base station comprises singularly or in any combination a signal processing technique selected from the group consisting of:

- serial correlation signal processing;
- matched filter correlation signal processing;
- maximum likelihood sequence estimation signal processing;
- joint-detection signal processing; and
- multi-user detection signal processing.

61. The method of Claim 25, additionally comprising signal processing the received signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station by using the processed detected information data to enable improved detection of the signals from the mobile terminal.

62. The method of Claim 25, wherein the receiving the signals from the mobile terminal at the first base station occurs through a communication channel, wherein the communication channel comprises singularly or in any combination a communication channel selected from a group consisting of:

- a traffic channel;
- a random access channel; and
- a control channel.

63. The method of Claim 62, wherein the communication channel operates singularly or in any combination in a mode selected from a group consisting of:

- a circuit switched mode; and
- a packet switched mode.

Appl. No. : Unknown
Filed : Herewith

REMARKS

Applicant cancels Claims 1-24 and adds Claims 25-63. Claims 25-63 are thus presented for examination. The foregoing amendments are made in order to correct grammatical and clerical mistakes or ambiguities, to improve the clarity of claim language, and to otherwise improve the capacity of the claims to particularly and distinctly point out the invention to those of skill in the art. No new matter is added. Entry of the amendments is respectfully requested.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 25-63 of the above-identified application are in condition for allowance. However, if the Examiner finds any impediment to allowing all claims that can be resolved by telephone, the Examiner is respectfully requested to call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: 6/19/00

By: _____

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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR DETECTION OF SIGNALS

- 5 The present invention relates to method and apparatus for detection of signals, particularly in a cellular communications network requiring location information and fast hand-off operation.
- 10 In cellular communications networks such as IS95, a mobile terminal in communication with a base station enjoys closed and open loop transmit power control. This effectively means that the mobile terminal transmission powers are optimised such that, at the
- 15 serving base station, the received signal levels are at a substantially constant minimum level for adequate detection, set by the desired quality of the communications link. If the mobile terminal is in communication with more than one serving base station,
- 20 e.g. during soft hand-off period, the combined power or the strongest received signal (or a combination of the above two techniques) is kept to a substantially constant minimum level of adequate detection set by the desired quality of the communications link. The power
- 25 control mechanism ensures that the multiple access interference, caused by a mobile terminal, within or outside the cell covered by the serving base station is kept to a minimum.
- 30 Although power control is desirable and even essential

AMENDED SHEET

in systems such as direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA), it reduces the ability of base stations, not serving a given mobile terminal, to receive and detect the mobile terminal transmissions adequately and reliably. The reliable
5 detection of mobile terminal transmissions by base stations other than the serving base stations is desirable for services such as "location" and for "hand off" operations. It is therefore desirable to increase
10 the detection ability of non-serving base stations without any increase in mobile terminal transmission power, so that information such as propagation time delay (i.e. distance) and mobile terminal signal power strength are available with a received signal well
15 below the minimum required level for adequate information data detection.

The present invention sets out preferably to increase the detection ability of a mobile terminal transmitted
20 signal by a cellular communications network, or signal transmitted by a first and second base stations and detected by a mobile terminal.

According, a first aspect of the present invention
25 provides a method of detection of signals in a communication network (e.g. cellular) including a mobile terminal, at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station wherein the method includes mobile
30 transmitted data detected at the first base station

being used by the second base station to increase detection probability of the transmitted data by the second base station.

- 5 Preferably, the signal received by the first base station is of sufficient quality to enable detection of the data transmitted by the signal. More preferably the detected data is used by the second base station(s), where the mobile terminal transmissions are
10 not received with sufficient power for adequate detection, to enable detection of the data by the second base station(s).

- The detection process of the second base station(s) may
15 be based on serial correlation, matched filter correlation, maximum likelihood sequence estimation, joint-detection or multiuser detection or any combination of these.

- 20 The detection process at the second base station(s) preferably includes detection of the presence of the data detected at the first base station(s).

- The detection process at the second base station(s)
25 preferably includes detection and calculation of the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance of the mobile terminal from the respective base station.

- 30 The detection process at the second base station(s) may

additionally or alternatively include detection of the received signal power of the mobile terminal transmission signal by the second base station(s).

5 Preferably the mobile terminal is served by the first base station over a communications channel. More preferably, the communications channel is a traffic channel, an access channel or a control channel, which can be operated in a packet or circuit switched mode.

10 The cellular communications network is preferably a direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system and the data is preferably used to extend and increase the processing gain of the
15 receiver by enabling longer integration times at the base stations. More preferably the network system is a GSM or GSM derivative system.

The location of the mobile terminal may be determined
20 from the network system by e.g. using the received time delay at each respective base station, using the direction of the mobile terminal from each respective base station, or a combination of received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a first
25 base station(s) and received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a second base station(s).

The process of determining the location of the mobile
30 terminal using three or more fixed base stations of

known position is known in the art as triangulation or trilatituration.

Preferably, the data received by at least the first
5 base station is capable of identifying the mobile terminal in the network system.

The measured signal power of the mobile terminal may be used for hand-off preparation from a first base station
10 to a second base station.

Preferably the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

15 Alternatively, or additionally, preferably the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is a predefined sequence.

The data received by the first base station may be used
20 by that station as well as or instead of the second base station to improve detection of the transmitted data by the mobile station.

Preferably, Spatial filtering is used at the second
25 base station(s) to reduce the effect of the propagation channel(s) on the received signal.

A second aspect of the invention provides a system for detection of signals in a communications network (e.g.
30 cellular) including a plurality of base stations and a

mobile terminal wherein at a given time at least one of the base stations is a serving base station and the mobile terminal is served by the serving base station; the serving base station is capable of receiving and
5 detecting data transmitted to it by the mobile terminal and the detected data is usable by the serving base station and/or at least one other base station to increase detection probability of the transmitted data.

10 An embodiment of the present invention will now be described by way of example only referring to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic drawing of a general embodiment
15 of the invention.

Figure 2 is a schematic drawing showing the components of part of a first base station of an embodiment of the
20 invention.

Figure 3 is a schematic drawing showing the components of part of a second base station of an embodiment of the invention.

25 Figure 4 is a graphical representation of a data frame structure typically transmitted by the first and second base stations.

Figure 5 is a schematic drawing showing the components
30 of a scrambler for scrambling and spreading the data

frame shown in Figure 4.

Figure 6 is a graphical representation of a data frame structure typically transmitted by the mobile terminal.

5

Figure 7 is a schematic drawing showing the components of a scrambler for scrambling and spreading the data frame shown in Figure 6.

10 Figure 8 is a flow diagram showing the operative steps of the part of the first base station shown schematically in Figure 2.

15 Figure 9 is a flow diagram showing the operative steps of the part of the second base station shown schematically in Figure 3.

A cellular system 100 (Fig. 1) installed in a geographical area, for example, a city centre 102
20 comprises a first base station 104 having a first associated coverage area 106 and a second base station 108 having a second associated coverage area 110, and a third base station 107 and associated coverage area 111.

25

The first, the second and the third base stations 104, 108, 107 are independently connected to a base station controller (BSC) 112, the BSC 112 being connected to a mobile switching centre (MSC) 114. The MSC 114 is in
30 communication with a fixed terminal 116 via a public

switched telecommunication network (PSTN) 118.

An example of the first, the second and the third base stations 104, 108, 107 are units of Supercell (trade mark) base stations manufactured by Motorola. The Supercell base stations have appropriate hardware and/or software modifications so as to be capable of functioning with time delay estimation units 220, 320. A mobile terminal 120 is located within the first coverage area 106 and the second coverage area 110. However, it is not essential for the mobile terminal 120 to be located within the second coverage area 110. The mobile terminal 120 can be located in the vicinity of the second and third coverage areas 110, 111.

15

- ④ As example of the mobile terminal 120, is a Qualconn QCP/820 model cellular telephone.

Referring to Fig. 2, the first base station 104 comprises a receiver chain 200. The receiver chain 200 has an antenna 202 coupled to a low noise amplifier 204. The low noise amplifier 204 being coupled to a bandpass filter 206. The bandpass filter 206 is coupled to a mixer 208. The mixer 208 being coupled to a lowpass filter 212 and a synthesiser unit 210. The lowpass filter 212 is coupled to an analogue to digital converter (ADC) 214 which is coupled to a digital signal processor (DSP) 218 via a buffer 216.

The buffer 216 is also coupled to delay estimation unit

220. The delay estimation unit 220 is also coupled to the DSP 218. Within the delay estimation unit 220, the buffer output is coupled to a multiplier 222. The multiplier 222 is coupled to an integrator 224 and a
5 variable delay unit 226. The integrator unit 224 is coupled to a peak detector 230, and is to integrate received data over a transmitted symbol period T_s , which is set to an initial value of zero at the beginning of each correlation operation i.e. starting
10 at the beginning of each received data symbol. The output of the peak detector 230 is coupled to processor 232. The variable delay unit 226 is coupled to both processor 232 and the code unit 228. Finally, the clock 234 is coupled to processor unit 232. The clock
15 234 is also coupled to code unit 228.

The receiver is operating with both in phase and quadrature phase components present (i.e. complex data).

20

The above described receiver chain 200 is shown for exemplary purposes only and can also form a part of a transceiver circuit (not shown).

25 Referring to Fig. 3., the second and third base stations 108, 107 each include a receiver chain 300. The receiver chain 300 has an antenna 302 coupled to a low noise amplifier 304. The low noise amplifier 304 being coupled to a bandpass filter 306. The bandpass
30 filter 306 is coupled to a mixer 308. The mixer 308

10

being coupled to a lowpass filter 312 and a synthesiser unit 310. The lowpass filter 312 is coupled to an analogue to digital converter (ADC) 314 which is coupled to a buffer 316. The buffer unit is coupled to a delay estimation unit 320. Within the delay estimation unit 320, the buffer output is coupled to a multiplier 322.

The multiplier 322 is coupled to an integrator 324 and a variable delay unit 326. The integrator unit 324 is also coupled to a peak detector 330. The integrator 324, having been set to an initial value of zero at the beginning of each correlation operation i.e. at the beginning of a received data block, is to integrate received data for a desired period T_i . The output of the peak detector 330 is coupled to a processor 332. The variable delay unit 326 is coupled to multiplier 329 and is also coupled to processor 332. A clock 334 is coupled to processor 332. The multiplier 329 is coupled to both a DSP unit 319 and a code unit 328. The DSP unit is coupled to information data unit 318. The clock 334 is also coupled to the code unit 328.

The receiver chain is operating with both in phase and quadrature phase components present (i.e. complex data).

The above described receiver chain 300 is shown for exemplary purposes only and can also form a part of a transceiver circuit (not shown).

The first, the second and the third base stations 104, 108, 107 are all capable of transmitting a sequence of 20 msec data frames having a data frame structure 400 (shown in Figure 4). The data frame 400 has a

5 structure comprising information data portions 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468. The frame structure 400 also comprises 16 power control data portions, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428,

10 430, 432, 434.

The data frame 400 is scrambled and spread by scrambler code 500. Spreading is, to broaden the signalling bandwidth of the data frame 400. The scrambler

15 includes several codes 504, 506, 508, 510, known to all network components, ie. base stations 104, 108 and 107 and mobile terminal 120.

Referring to Fig. 5. The data is scrambled and spread

20 by LC code 504, at multiplier 512. The data is further scrambled by Walsh code 506 at multiplier 514. The resulting scrambled data is then, once scrambled by I code 510 for in phase transmission at multiplier 516, and once by Q code 508 for quadrature phase

25 transmission at multiplier 518. The resulting scrambling and spreading code is referred to, for this example, as scrambling code 502.

The scrambling code 502 is used for calculation of

30 various parameters, for example channel estimation,

frame synchronisation and coherent detection of data.

The mobile terminal 120 operations are synchronised to the scrambling code 502.

- 5 The mobile terminal 120 is capable of transmitting a sequence of 20 msec data frames having a data structure 600. The data frame 600 consists mostly of information data portion.
- 10 The data frame 600 is scrambled and spread by scrambler 700. Spreading is, to broaden the signalling bandwidth of the data frame 600. The scrambler 700, includes several codes 704, 708, 706 known to all network components, i.e. base stations 104, 107 and 108 and
- 15 mobile terminal 120.

- Referring to Fig. 7. The data is scrambled and spread by LC code 704 at multiplier 710. The resulting scrambled and spread data is then once scrambled by I
- 20 code 708 for in phase transmission, at multiplier 712, and once by Q code 706 for quadrature phase transmission at multiplier 714. The resulting scrambling and spreading code is referred to, for this example, as scrambling code 702.

25

The operation of the above cellular system 100 will now be described below.

- A call is established according to any known method in
- 30 the art. The first base station 104 being in

communication with the mobile terminal 120 and a first traffic channel (tch) is allocated. Data frames having the structure of the first data frame structure 400 are transmitted from first base station 104 and received by mobile terminal 120. Data frames having the structure of the second data frame structure 600 are transmitted from mobile terminal 120 and received by first base station 104. The first base station 104 by means of power control data 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434 controls the transmit power of the mobile terminal 120 according to techniques well known in the art. The data frames 600 received by the first base station antenna 202 are of only sufficient power for correct detection of propagation time delay and information data by the first base station 104. By information data, it is meant the unknown information data which is present in the data frames 400 and data frames 600.

Hence the mobile terminal 120 transmit power, is of sufficient magnitude to overcome the propagation losses to the first base station 104 only. The second and the third base Stations 108, 107 not in communication with the mobile terminal 120 may suffer excessive propagation losses such that they are unable to receive the transmitted data frames 600 by the mobile terminal 120, with sufficient power for reliable and successful detection of time delay and information data.

A method of detection of information data 828 and time

delay 824 for the first base station 104 is outlined in Figure 8 and is as follows. The synthesiser 210 of the first base station 104 is tuned to receive a data frame 600 at the expected time of arrival, transmitted from the mobile terminal 120 (step 802). As traffic data frame 600 is received, in the specified time frame, by the first base station 104, the traffic data is stored (step 806).

10 The first base station 104 then determines (step 808) whether sufficient time has elapsed to receive the entire data frame 600. Considering the longest propagation time delay expected, due to distance between the first base station 104 and the mobile terminal 120. If sufficient time has not elapsed, the first base station 104 continues to receive and store the traffic data (step 806). When the specified time has elapsed, the first base station 104 initialises the expected time delay (T) to zero (step 810).

20 The descrambling code which is similar to scrambling code 702 at the time of transmission of the data frame 600 by the mobile terminal 120 (which is known in the art as code synchronised) is then delayed by the specified time delay T (step 812). The first base station 104 descrambles the received data traffic with the delayed descrambling code 702 (step 814). The descrambled data traffic is then summed (integrated) over a data symbol period T_s (step 818).

30

If no substantial peak is detected by the first base station 104, the expected time delay T is increased (by a set amount) (step 820) and the steps 812, 814, 816, 818 and 820 are repeated until a substantial peak is
 5 detected. After the detection of a substantial peak, the first base station 104, calculates and stores the time delay and further calculates the distance from the mobile terminal 120 (step 822).

10 In the presence of multipath propagation, several peaks may be detected, where one or more peaks can be used for data detection.

After the successful estimation of the time delay
 15 between the first base station 104 and the mobile terminal 120, the correct portion of the received traffic data is selected at the data frame portion 600, transmitted by the mobile terminal 120 (step 826), the information data contained in the data frame 600 is
 20 then detected and stored (step 828).

The time delay and the distance between the first base station 104 and the mobile terminal 120 are sent to MSC 114, and stored.

25 A method of detection of time delay for the second base station 108 is outlined in Figure 9 and is as follows.

The synthesiser 310 of the second base station 108 is
 30 tuned at the expected time of arrival of data frame 600

16

to receive the data frame 600, transmitted from the mobile terminal 120 (step 902). As traffic data is received, in the specified time, by the second base station 108, the traffic data is stored (step 906).

5

The second base station then determines (step 908) whether sufficient time has elapsed to receive the entire data frame 600, allowing for the longest expected propagation time delay caused by the distance between the second base station 108 and the mobile terminal 120. If sufficient time has not elapsed, the second base station 108 continues to receive and store the traffic data (step 906). When the specified time has elapsed, the second base station 108 obtains and stores information data 318 detected and stored at step 828, by the first base station 104, via network elements, e.g. BSC 112 (step 910).

The second base station 108 then processes 319 the stored information data 318 and scrambles it with scrambling code 702, 328 in a similar manner to the processing and scrambling performed by the mobile terminal 120 on the original information data, prior to transmission of data frame 600 and stores it (step 912). After step 912, the stored processed and scrambled information data, referred to now as "data descrambling code" is substantially similar in envelope and phase to the transmitted data frame 600 by the mobile terminal 120.

30

The second base station 108 then proceeds to initialise the expected time delay T to zero (step 916). The "data descrambling code" is then delayed by the specified delay T (step 918). The second base station 5 108 descrambles the received data traffic with the "data descrambling code" (step 920). The descrambled data traffic is then summed (integrated) over sufficient long time, T_1 to ensure reliable and successful detection of mobile terminal 120 transmitted 10 data frame 600 (step 922). T_1 is long enough to provide sufficient noise bandwidth reduction, thus providing sufficient signal-to-noise ratio gain, known in the art as "processing gain", to account for all possible excess propagation losses experienced by the 15 second base station 108, compared to that experienced by the first base station 104.

The second base station 108 then determines whether a substantial peak is detected as a result of the 20 summation (step 928). If no peak is detected by the second base station 108, the expected time delay T is increased (step 924), and the step 918, 920, 922, 926 and 924 are repeated until a substantial peak is detected. After the detection of an acceptable peak, 25 the second base station 108 calculates and stores the time delay and further calculates the distance the mobile terminal 120 is from the second base station 108 (step 928).

30 The third base station 107 operates a method of

detection of time delay substantially identical to that explained above for the second base station 108.

5 The time delay and distance between the second base station 108 and the mobile terminal 120 are sent to MSC 114 and stored. The time delay and distance between the third base station 107 and the mobile terminal 120 are sent to MSC 114 and stored. The MSC 114 uses, by a method known in the art as triangulation, the stored
10 data on the distance of the mobile terminal 120 from the first and second and the third base stations 104, 108, 107 the known coordinates of the first, the second and the third base stations 104, 108, 107 to estimate the coordinates of the mobile terminal 120.

15 The remaining components of a cellular communication system base station are well known in the art and need not be described in detail herein.

20 The above embodiments of the present invention have been described by way of example only and various alternative features or modifications from what has been described can be made within the scope of the invention, as will be readily apparent to persons
25 skilled in the art.

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CLAIMS

1. A method of detection of signals in a communication network including a mobile terminal, at least one first base station serving the mobile terminal and at least one second base station wherein the method includes mobile transmitted data detected at the first base station being used by the second base station to increase detection probability of the transmitted data by the second base station.
2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the signal received by the first base station is of sufficient quality to enable detection of the data transmitted by the signal and the detected data is used by the second base station, where the mobile terminal transmissions are not received with sufficient power for adequate detection, to enable detection of the data by the second base station.
3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein the detection process at the second base station(s) includes detection and calculation of the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance of the mobile terminal from the respective base station.
4. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 3 wherein the detection process at the second base

station(s) includes detection of the received signal power of the mobile terminal transmission signal by the second base station.

5 5. A method according to any of claims 1 - 4 wherein the communications network is a cellular communications direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system and the data is used to extend and increase the processing gain of the receiver by
10 enabling longer integration times at the base stations.

6. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 5 in which the location of the mobile terminal is determined from the network system by any one of some or all
15 of: (a) using the received time delay at each respective base station, (b) using the direction of the mobile terminal from each respective base station and, (c) a combination of received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a first base station(s) and
20 received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a second base station(s).

7. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 6 in which the data received by at least the first base
25 station is capable of identifying the mobile terminal in the network system.

8. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 7 in which the measured signal power of the mobile terminal
30 is used for hand-off preparation from a first base

station to a second base station.

9. A method according to any one of claims 1 - 8 in which the detection process at the second base station(s) includes detection of the presence of the data detected at the first base station(s).

10. A method according to any of claims 1 - 9 in which the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

11. A method according to any of claims 1 - 9 in which the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is a predefined sequence.

12. A system for detection of signals in a communications network including a plurality of base stations and a mobile terminal wherein at a given time at least one of the base stations is a first serving base station and the mobile terminal is served by the first serving base station; the first serving base station is capable of receiving and detecting data transmitted to it by the mobile terminal and the detected data is usable by the first serving base station and/or at least one second base station to increase detection probability of the transmitted data.

13. A system according to claim 12 wherein the signal received by the first base station is of sufficient quality to enable detection of the data transmitted by

the signal and the second base station, where the mobile terminal transmissions are not received with sufficient power for adequate detection, includes means for using the detected data to enable detection of the data by the second base station.

14. A system according to claim 12 or 13 wherein the second base station includes means for detection and calculation of the received time delay caused by signal propagation due to the distance of the mobile terminal from the respective base station.

15. A system according to any one of claims 12 - 14 wherein the second base station includes means for detection of the received signal power of the mobile terminal transmission signal by the second base station.

16. A system according to any one of claims 12 - 15 wherein the communications network is a cellular communication direct sequence spread spectrum code division multiple access (DS-CDMA) system and it includes means for using the data to extend and increase the processing gain of the receiver by enabling longer integration times at the base stations.

17. A system according to any one of claims 12- 16 including means for the location of the mobile terminal to be determined from the network system by any one, some or all of : (a) using the received time delay at

each respective base station, (b) using the direction of the mobile terminal from each respective base station, and (c) a combination of received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a first
5 base station(s) and received time delay and/or direction of the mobile terminal from a second base station(s).

18. A system according to claims 12- 17 including
10 means for using the data received by at least the first base station to identify the mobile terminal in the network system.

19. A system according to claims 12- 18 including
15 means for using the measured signal power of the mobile terminal for hand-off preparation from a first base station to a second base station.

20. A system according to any one of claims 12 - 19 in
20 which the second base station(s) includes means for detection of the presence of the data detected at the first base station(s).

21. A method according to any of claims 12 - 20 in
25 which the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is unknown information data.

22. A method according to any of claims 12 - 20 in
30 which the data transmitted by the mobile terminal is a predefined sequence.

24

23. A method of detection of signals subsequently as any one embodiment herein described or referenced to the accompanying drawings.

5 24. A system for detection of signals subsequently as any one embodiment herein described or referenced to the accompanying drawings.

10

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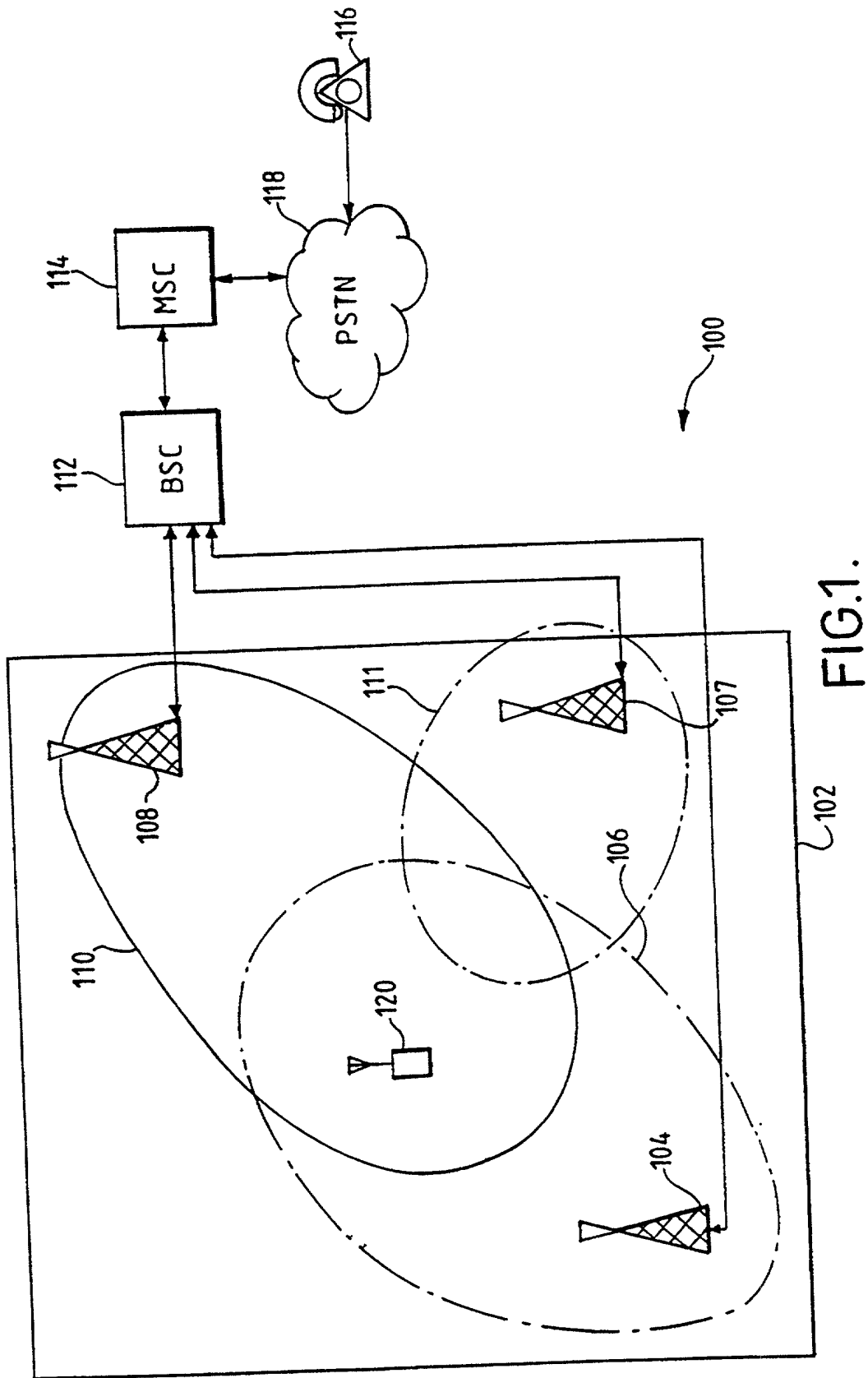


FIG. 1.



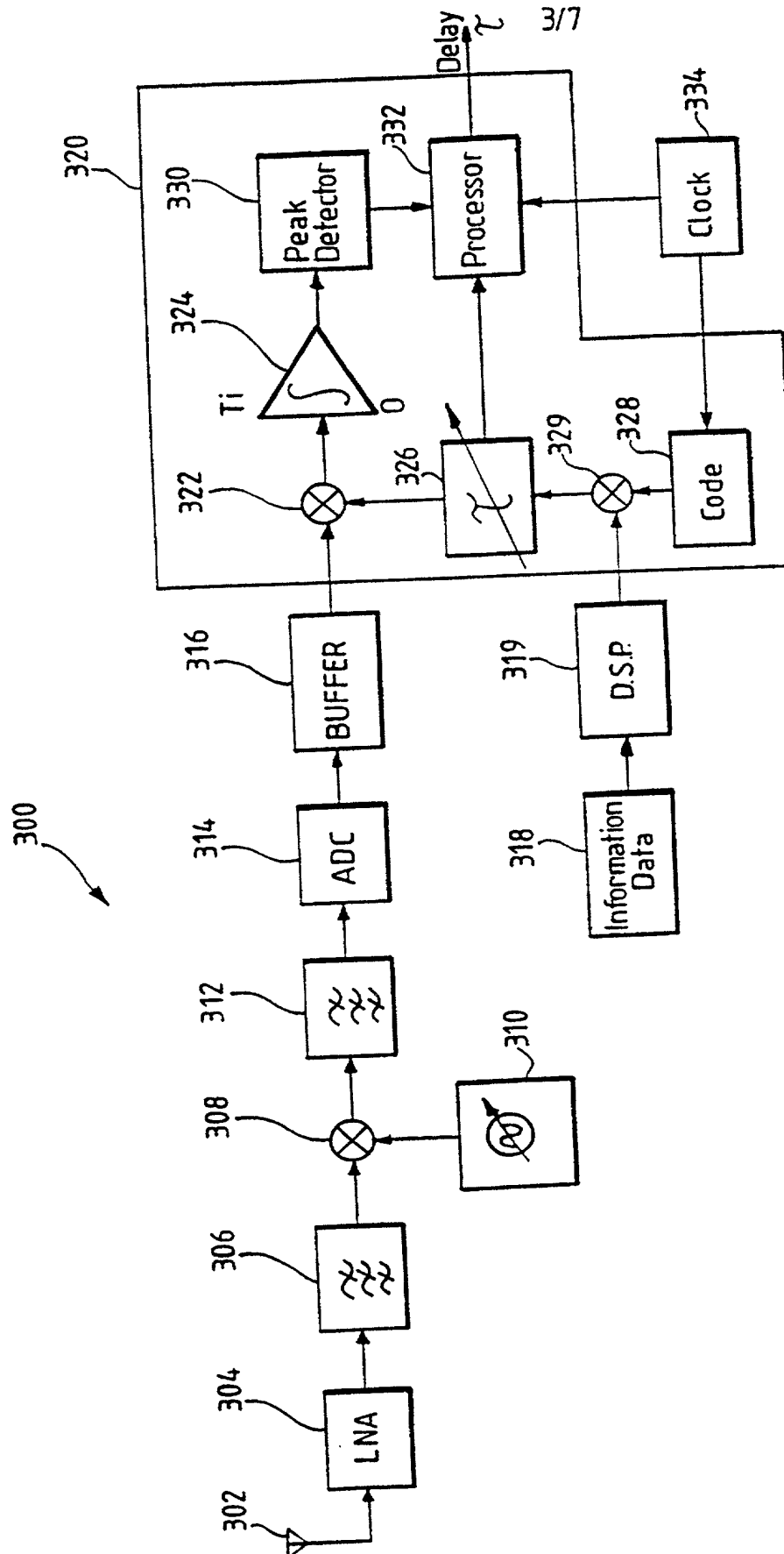
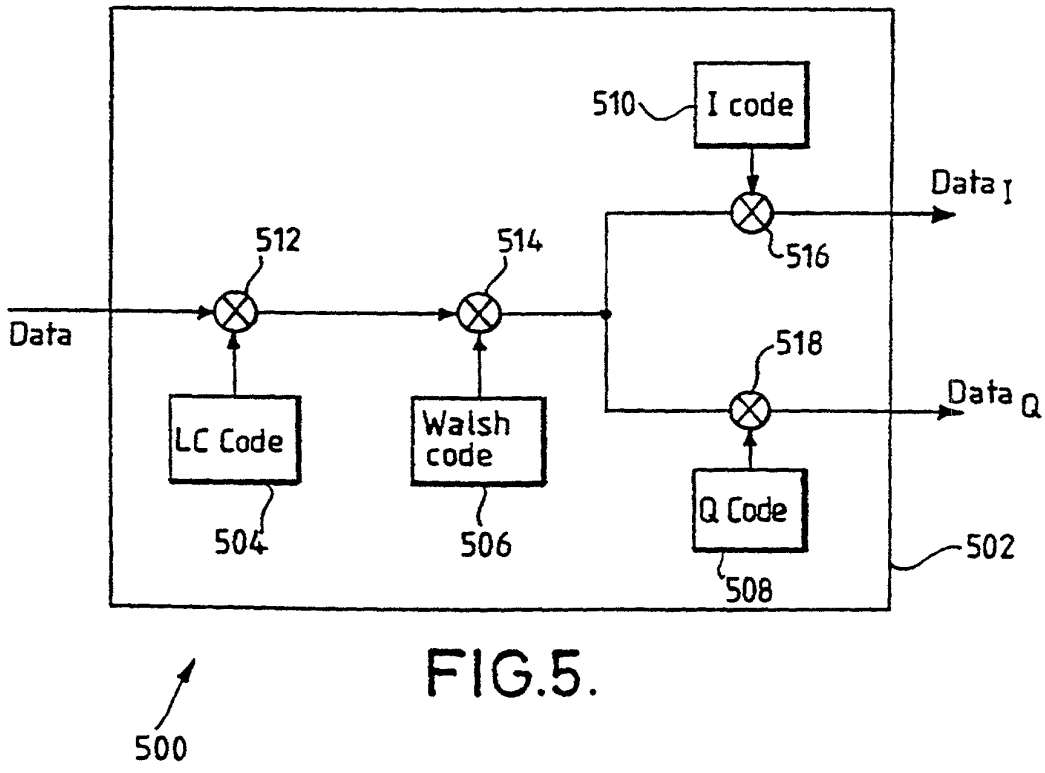
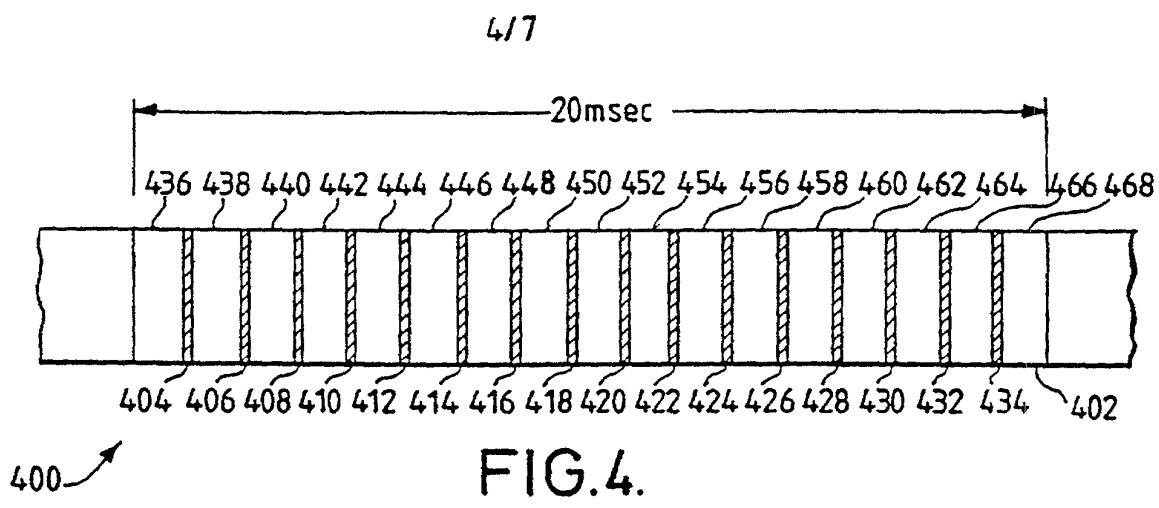


FIG.3.



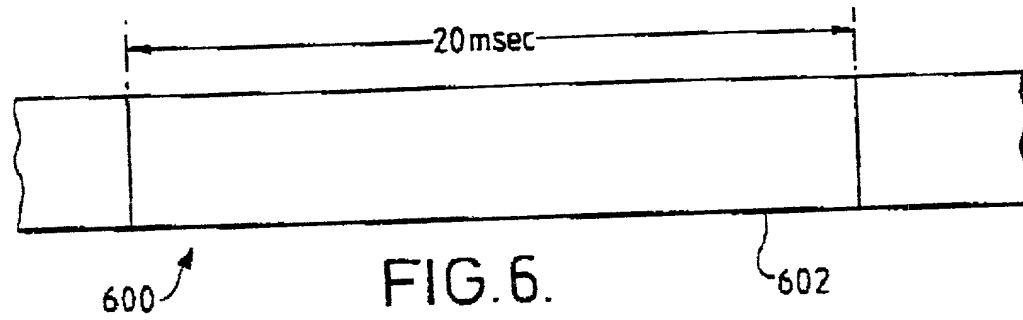


FIG. 6.

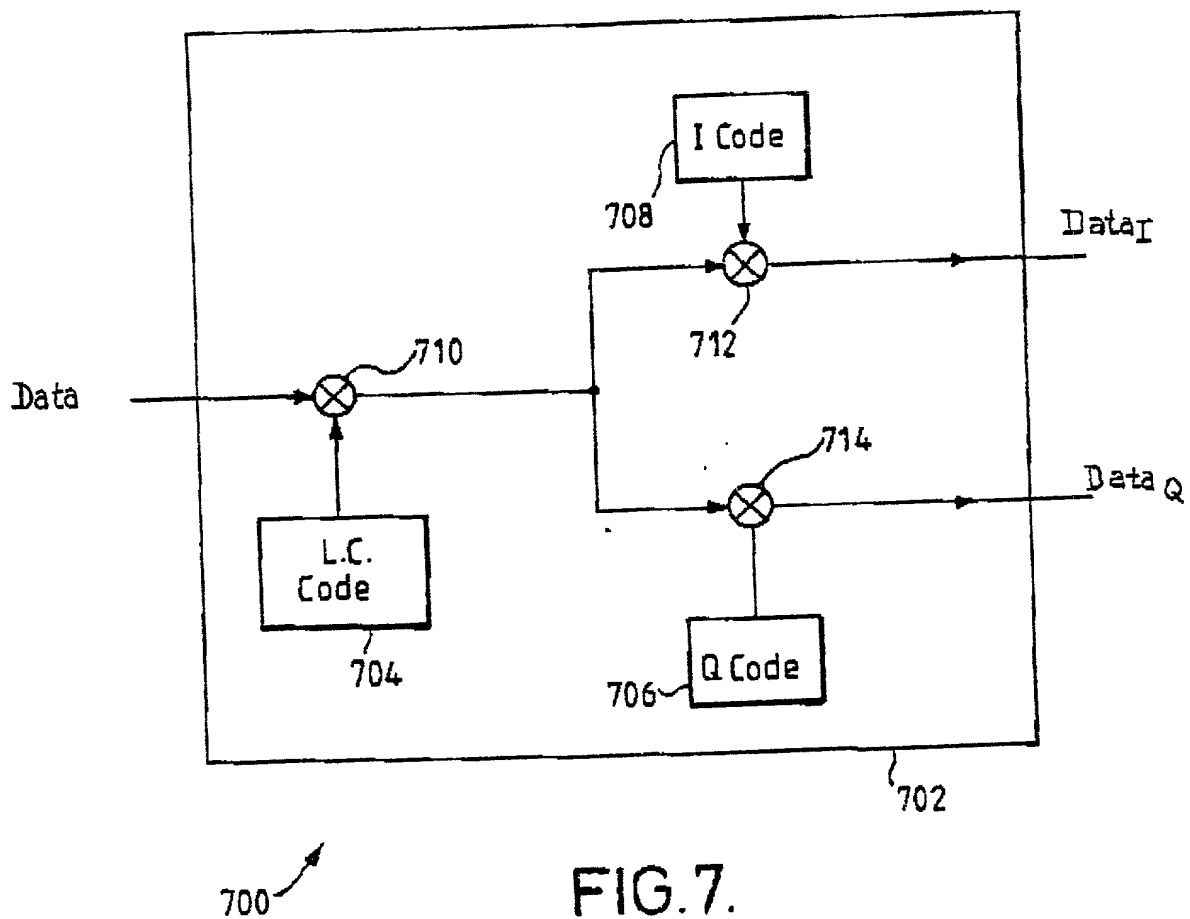


FIG. 7.

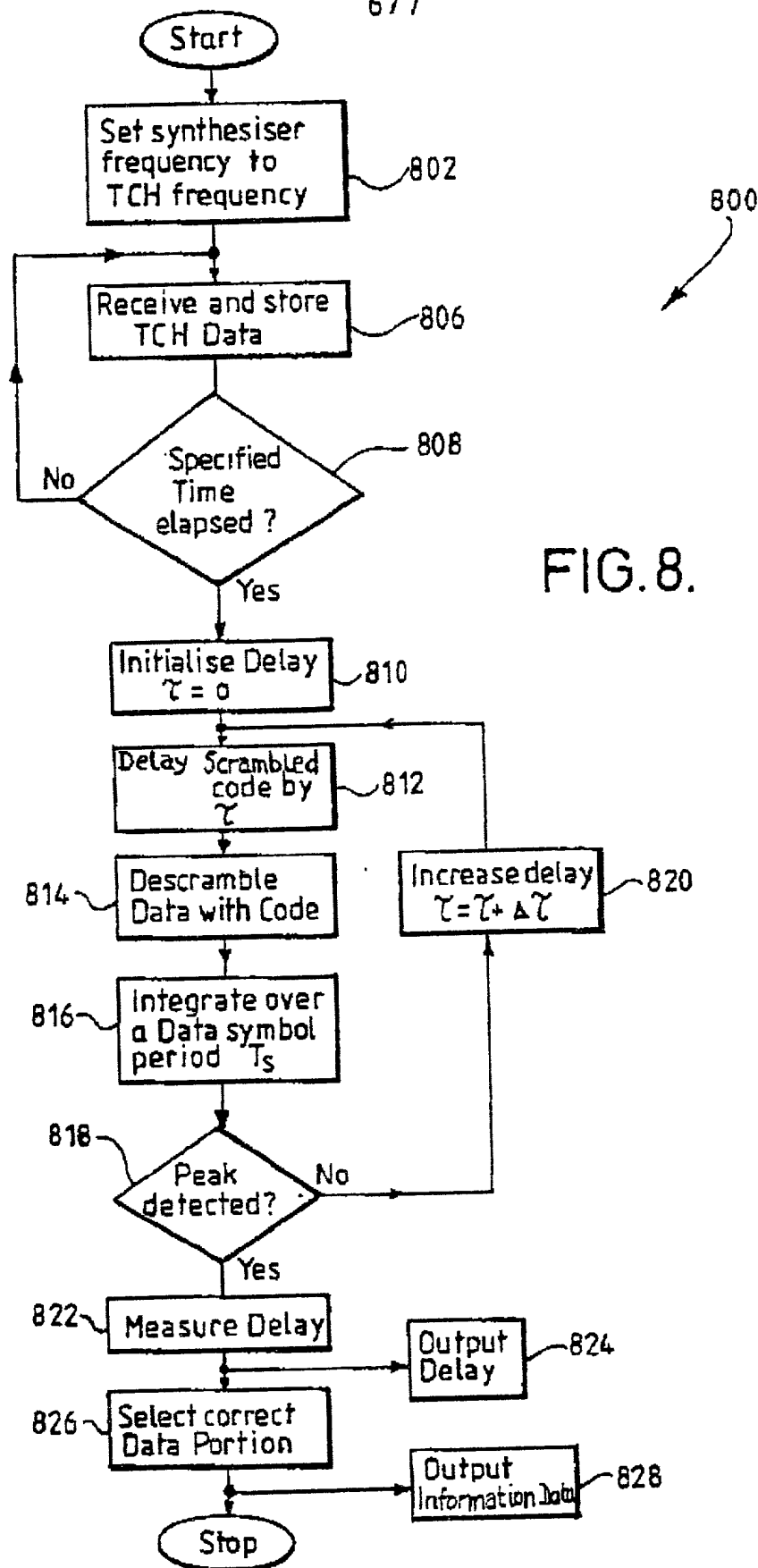


FIG.8.

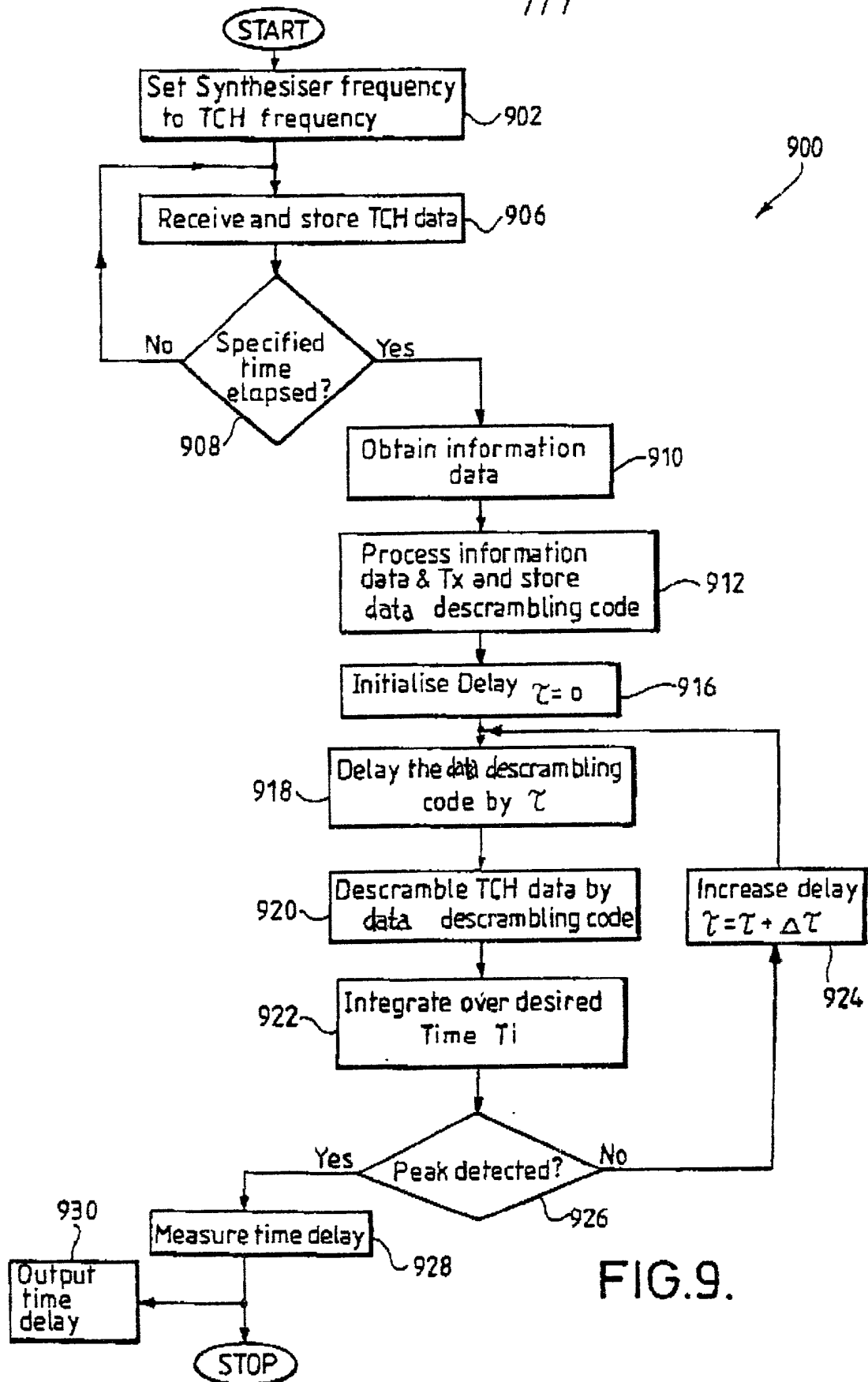


FIG.9.



DECLARATION - USA PATENT APPLICATION

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SIGNAL DETECTION BY BASE STATION IN A MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**; the specification, and the Preliminary Amendment dated June 19, 2000;

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by the preliminary amendment mentioned above;

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56; and

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(a)-(d) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

No.: PCT/GB98/03810	EPO Receiving Office	Date Filed: 12/17/98
No.: GB 9726912.0	United Kingdom	Date Filed: 12/19/97

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful, false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole inventor: **Hossein Sfandiari**

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Attorney's Docket No. **WIREFAC.020A**